

ELECTRONIC GAS

OXYGEN O₂

Oxygen is a colorless, odorless, highly oxidizing gas that sustains life and vigorously supports combustion. Oxygen should not be permitted to contact oil, grease or other combustible materials. As such, all equipment used with Oxygen must be specially cleaned. It is used to oxidize certain materials, such as Si to SiO₂, or ashing of photoresists and to achieve chemical vapor deposition of oxides. It is also used to make ozone for oxidation or cleaning. It is shipped in steel cylinders under high pressure.

Container Information				
CYLINDER SIZE	CONTENTS		Pressure @ 21.1°C Valve Outlet	2000 psig CGA-540 / DISS-714
	Ft ³	M ³		
049	251	7.1	DOT Shipping Description:	Oxygen, compressed 2.2, UN 1072
044	226	6.4	DOT Shipping Labels	Non-flammable Gas Oxidizer
016	81	2.3	DOT Guide No. CAS Registry No.	14 7782-44-7

Specifications		
COMPONENT OXYGEN	ULSI 99.9999% min	VLSI 99.999% min
Argon	< 200 ppb	< 2 ppm
Carbon Dioxide	< 50 ppb	< 0.1 ppm
Carbon Monoxide	< 50 ppb	< 0.1 ppm
Krypton	< 100 ppb	< 1 ppm
Nitrous Oxide	< 200 ppb	< 2 ppm
THC (as Methane)	< 50 ppb	< 0.1 ppm
Water	< 100 ppb	< 1 ppm
Xenon	< 100 ppb	< 1 ppm

SHELF LIFE: 2 years

Physical Properties	
Molecular Weight	32.00
Flammability Limits in air	Non-flammable
Specific Gravity, Gas @ 70°F(21.1°C), 1 atm(Air=1)	1.11
Density, Gas @ 70°F(21.1°C), 1 atm	0.0826lbs/ft ³ (1.325g/l)
Specific Volume, Gas @ 70°F(21.1°C), 1 atm	12.1ft ³ /lb (0.755l/g)
Boiling Point @ 1 atm	-297.4°F (-183°C)
Critical Temperature	-181.4°F (-118.6°C)
Critical Pressure	731.4 psia (50.4 bar)
Toxicity	>75% causes hyperoxia